

Review of spacecraft plasma interactions

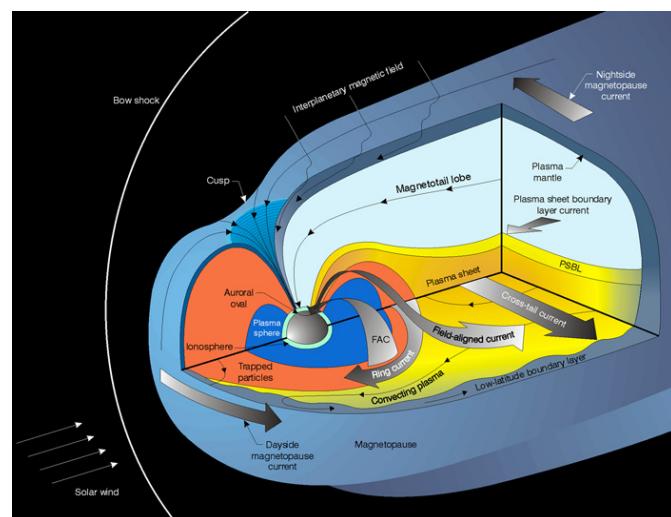
13th SPINE Meeting
28th May 2008
ESTEC

David Rodgers / ESTEC
Simon Clucas / ESTEC
Alain Hilgers / ESTEC

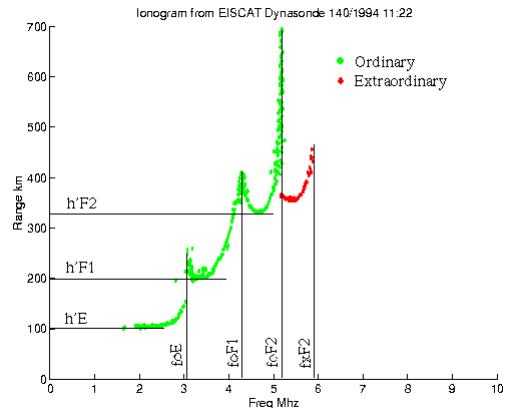


Electromagnetics & Space
Environment Division – TEC-EES

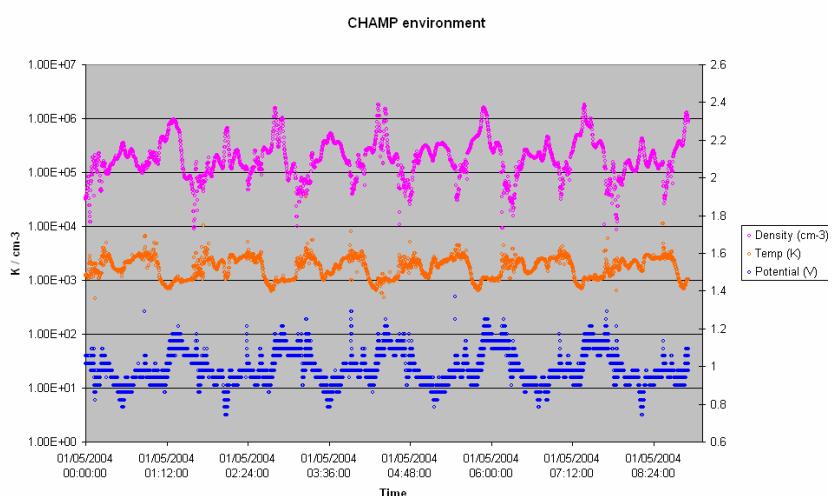
Geography of the near-earth plasma environment



Electromagnetics & Space
Environment Division – TEC-EES



Electromagnetics & Space
Environment Division – TEC-EES



Electromagnetics & Space
Environment Division – TEC-EES

Plasmasphere
Typically:
 $L=1$ to $L=3$ to 6
 $T = 0.5\text{eV}$
 $n = 10 \text{ to } 10^4 \text{ cm}^{-3}$

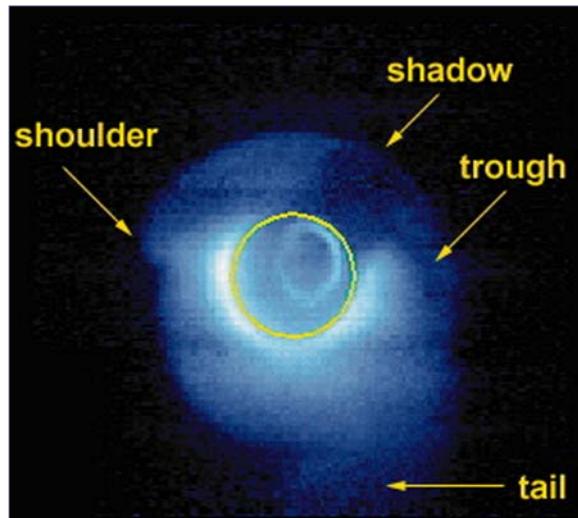
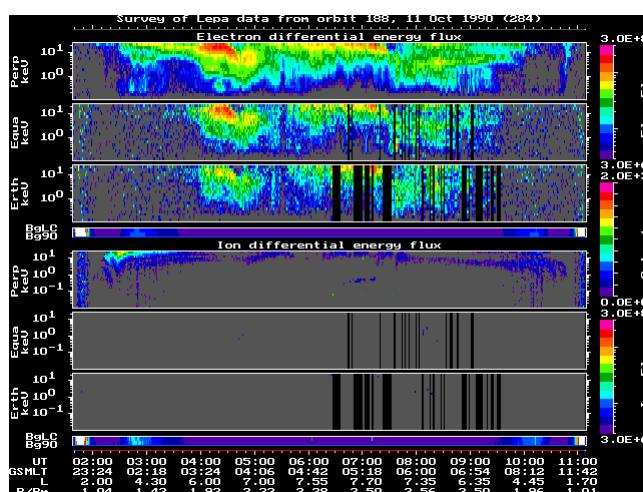


IMAGE UV image



Electromagnetics & Space
 Environment Division – TEC-EES

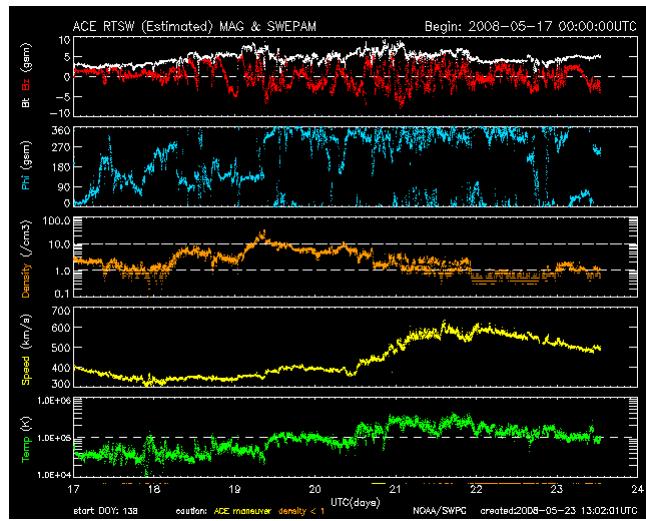


CRRES LEPA



Electromagnetics & Space
 Environment Division – TEC-EES

Solar wind



ACE

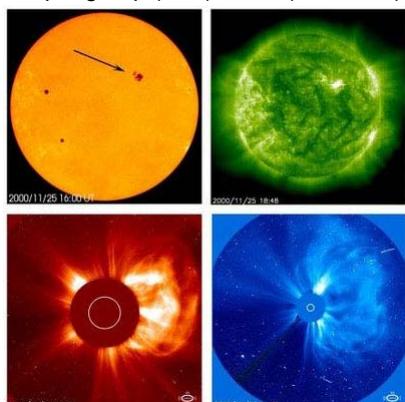
Typical velocity:
400km/s

Enhanced
velocities up to
1000km/s



Electromagnetics & Space
Environment Division – TEC-EES

Sunspot group (MDI) Flare (EIT 195E)



Sequence of images of a
Coronal Mass Ejection (CME)
November 2000

SOHO

CME (LASCO C2) Expanded CME cloud



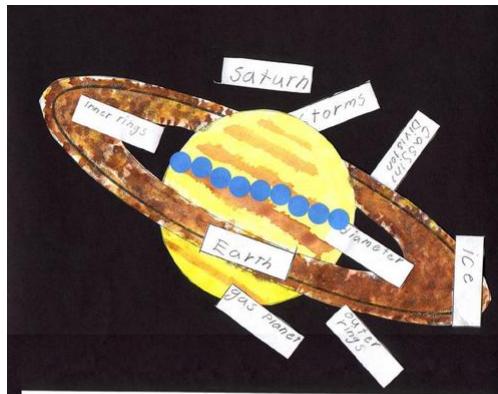
Electromagnetics & Space
Environment Division – TEC-EES

Other planets have magnetic fields:

Jupiter
Saturn
Neptune
Uranus

Mercury (weak)
Mars (very weak)
Venus (no field)

NASA/JPL



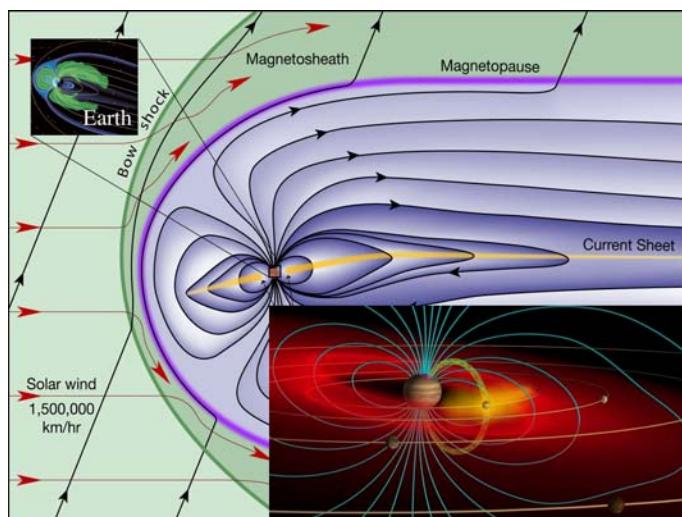
Name _____

Saturn is the planet with the most rings. saturn has 30 moons. nine Earths could fit across its diameter.



Electromagnetics & Space Environment Division – TEC-EES

Jovian magnetosphere

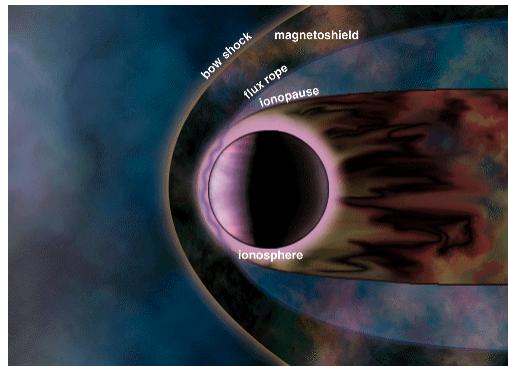


Bagenal, Colorado Univ.

Electromagnetics & Space Environment Division – TEC-EES

Venus' magnetosphere

SwRI



Electromagnetics & Space
Environment Division – TEC-EES

Orbit

Plasma environments

Low inclination LEO (<50°)	Ionosphere
High-inclination LEO e.g. Polar orbit	Ionosphere, Auroral zone
Geostationary orbit	Outer magnetosphere, Plasmasphere, Magnetosheath (occasionally)
MEO circular orbit e.g. Galileo	Outer magnetosphere, Plasmasphere, Magnetosheath (possibly at high latitude)
Geostationary transfer orbit	Ionosphere, Plasmasphere, Outer magnetosphere, Magnetosheath (occasionally)
High apogee elliptical orbit	All regions can be encountered, depending on orbit.
L1, L4, L5 Lagrangian points	Solar wind
L2	Solar wind, magnetotail and distant magnetosheath
Interplanetary cruise	Solar wind
Planetary orbit / encounter	Planetary environment

ECSS-E-10-04B

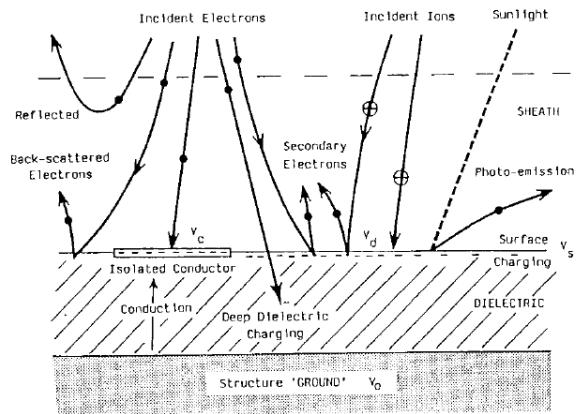


Electromagnetics & Space
Environment Division – TEC-EES

Surface Charging Currents

$J = J_e - J_i - J_{photo} - J_{second} - J_{cond} - J_{backscatter}$

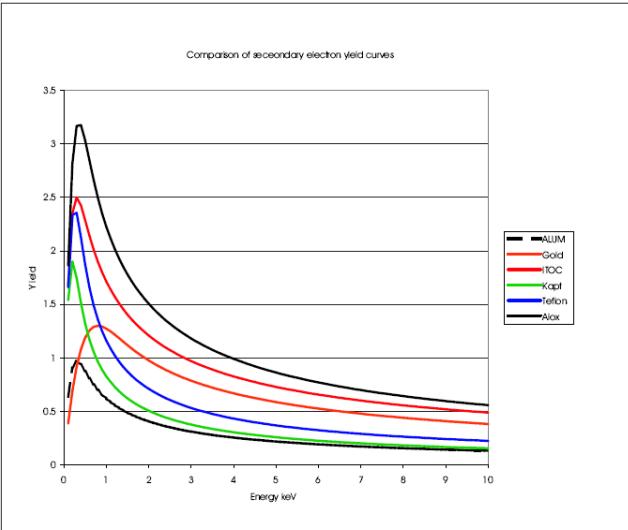
$J=0$ in equilibrium



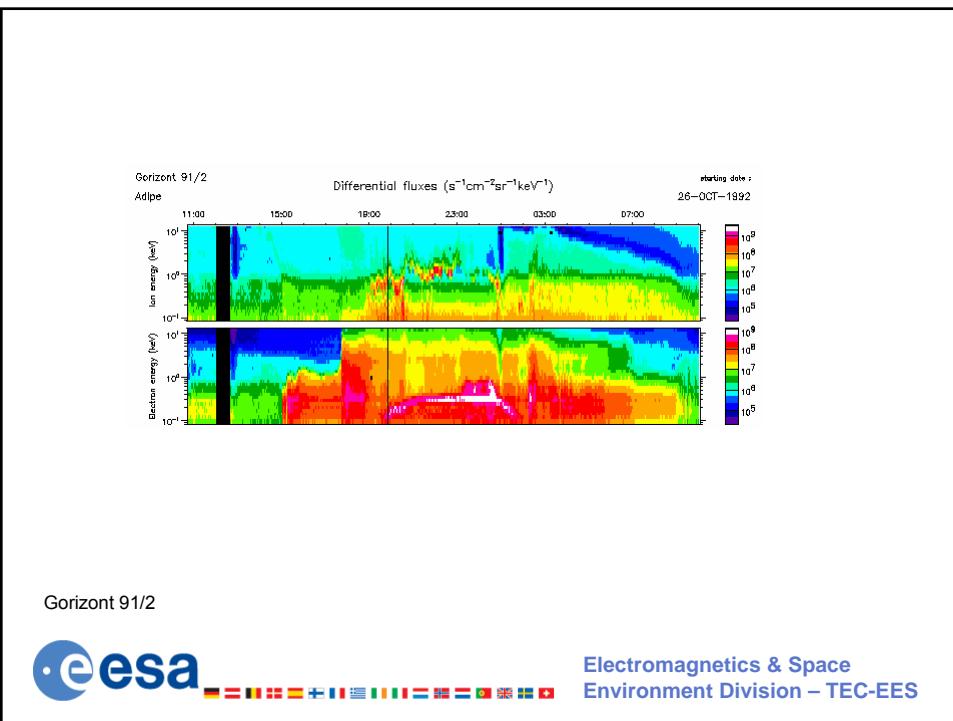
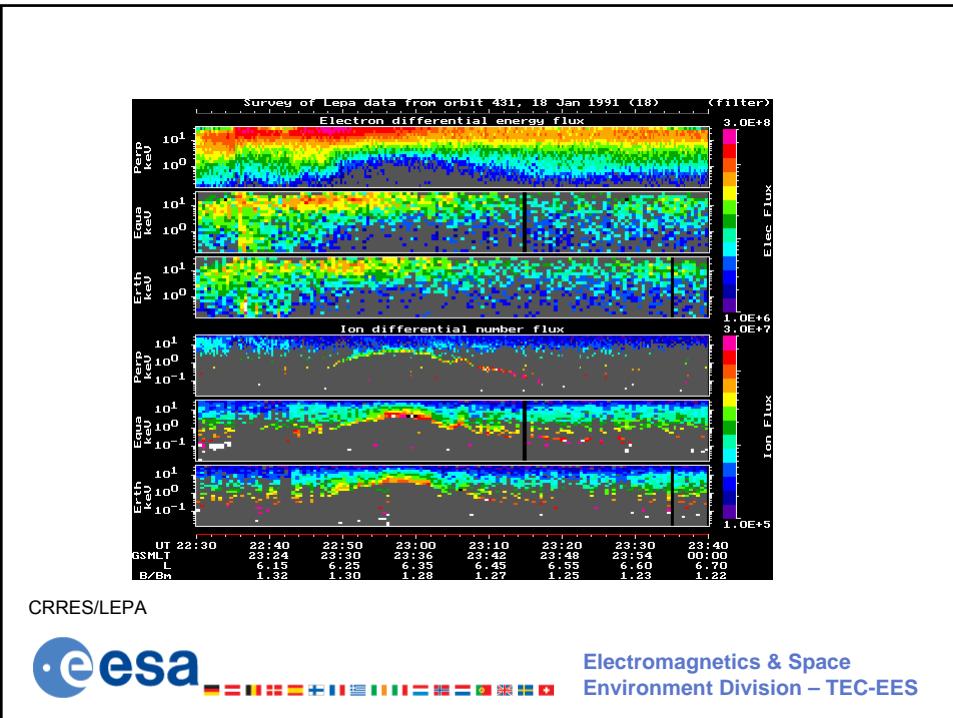
Wrenn and Sims 1993



Electromagnetics & Space
Environment Division – TEC-EES



Electromagnetics & Space
Environment Division – TEC-EES



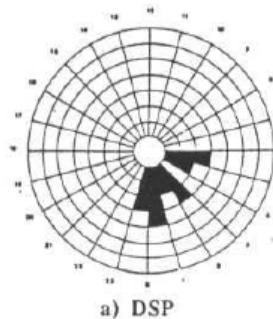
Examples of surface charging anomalies

- DSCS-II 9431 (1973)- Mission loss due to ESD induced loss of power to communication system
- Skynet-2B (1974) – 300 telecommand anomalies
- Meteosat-F1 (1977)– many radiometer, power system & attitude control anomalies
- GOES-4 (1980) – radiometer resets, radiometer failure
- MARECS-A (1981) – many small anomalies, safe-mode entry, solar array damage
- TDRSS -1, -3, -4 and -5 (1983, 1988, 1989, 1991) - many anomalies in different subsystems
- ANIK-D2 (1984) - despin control system anomaly

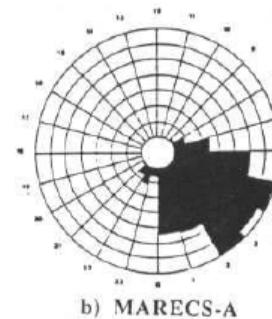
Leach & Alexander 1995



Electromagnetics & Space
Environment Division – TEC-EES



a) DSP



b) MARECS-A

Romero and Levy 1993



Electromagnetics & Space
Environment Division – TEC-EES

SCATHA Transient Pulse Monitor

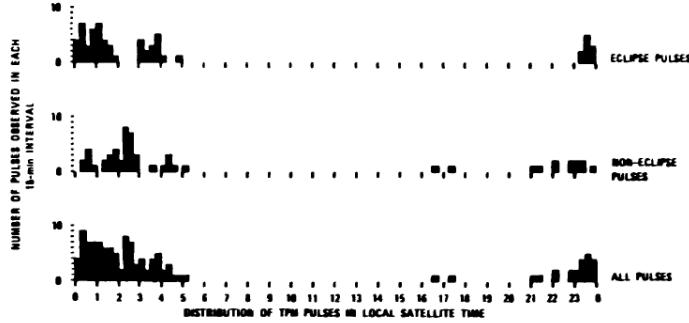


FIGURE 2 DISTRIBUTION OF PULSES OBSERVED BY THE SRI TPM

Damron et al. 1980



Electromagnetics & Space
Environment Division – TEC-EES

Fig. 2 Surface potential contours (in the absence of sunlight) in volts as a function of altitude and latitude for the Earth (Evans et al., 1989).

Garrett et al. 1998

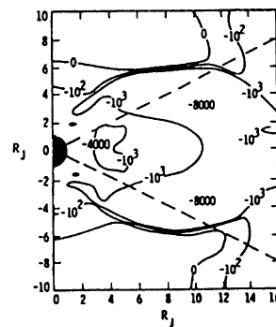
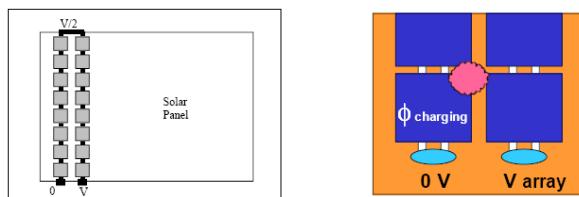


Fig. 5. Spacecraft-to-space potential contours for the thick sheath approximation (Divine and Garrett, 1983) as in Fig. 3. No photoelectron or secondary currents are included.

Electromagnetics & Space
Environment Division – TEC-EES

Secondary arcing

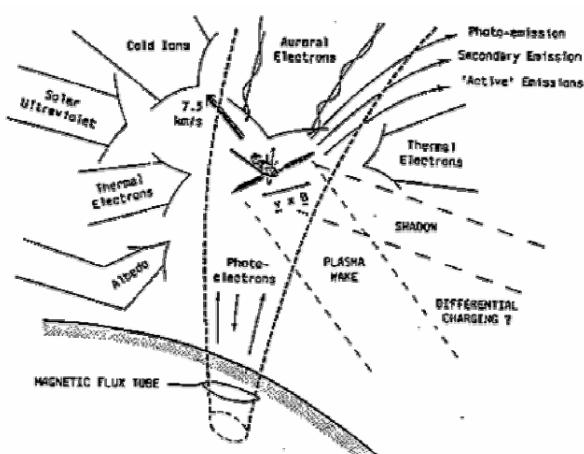
- TEMPO-2 and PAS-6 (1997)
 - Solar array string failures
 - Substorm environment
 - Spacecraft charging on LANL spacecraft



Katz et al 1998



Electromagnetics & Space
Environment Division – TEC-EES



Martin 1991



Electromagnetics & Space
Environment Division – TEC-EES

LEO charging

- Potential of floating Langmuir probe $\sim <|1V|$
- Additional factors
 - Current collection to solar arrays
 - $V \times B$ effect on differential potentials
 - High-energy electrons in auroral zone
 - Ram/wake effects
 - Ion ram current
 - Ion depletion in wake
- DMSP F13 micro-processor lock-up, -460V potential (Cooke 2000)



Electromagnetics & Space
Environment Division – TEC-EES

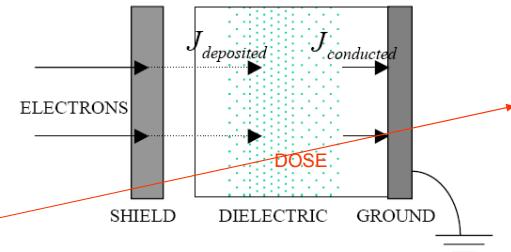
Other LEO effects

- Sputtering/Atomic Oxygen erosion
 - Modifies surface properties
- Paschen discharge
 - Limits exposed high voltages
- Snap-over effect
 - Can dramatically increase solar array current collection



Electromagnetics & Space
Environment Division – TEC-EES

Internal charging



$$J = J_{deposited} - J_{conducted}$$

$$J = J_{deposited} - E \cdot \sigma (\text{bulk+radiation-induced})$$

$J=0$ in equilibrium



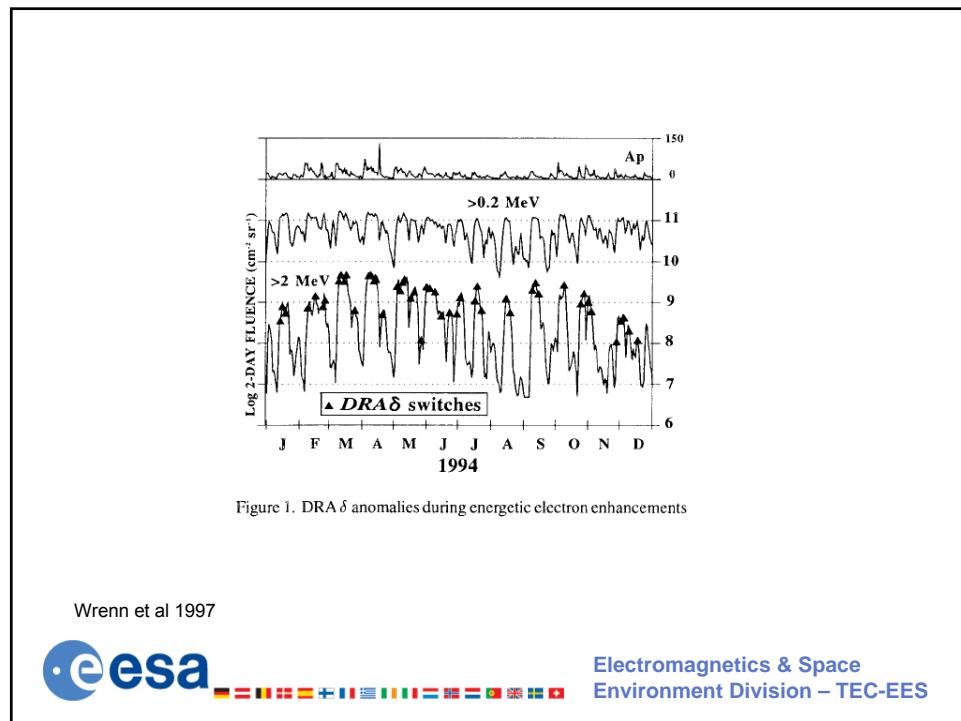
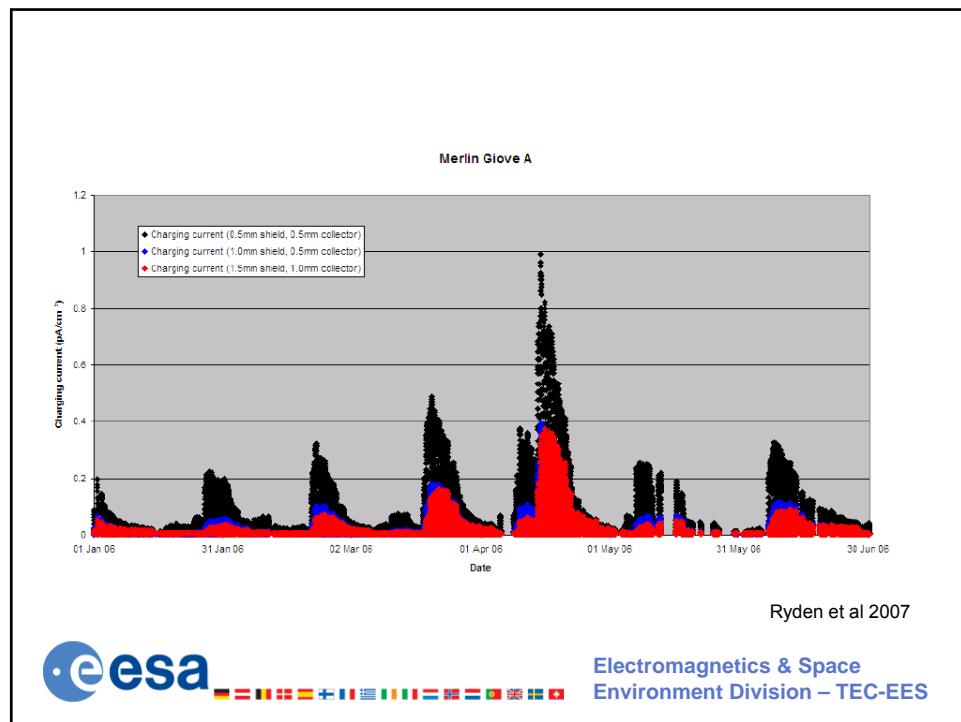
Electromagnetics & Space
Environment Division – TEC-EES

Examples of internal charging anomalies

- Intelsat K (1992) – momentum wheel
- Anik E-1, E-2 (1991) – momentum wheel
- FLTSATCOM (1987) – logic anomalies
- DRA- δ – more than 100 minor anomalies
- Voyager – 42 power-on re-sets around Jupiter



Electromagnetics & Space
Environment Division – TEC-EES



Interaction with active sources

e.g. electric propulsion systems and charge alleviation devices

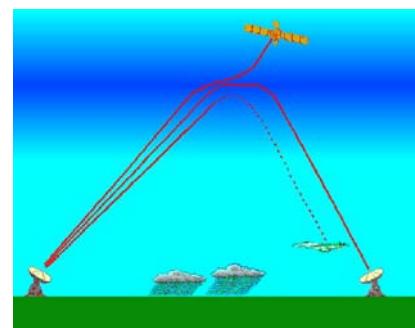
- FEEPs in LEO can be neutralised by natural currents
- Electrostatic sheath can control space-charge limitation on ion and electron guns
- Charge-exchange ions provide additional currents for charging and contamination



Electromagnetics & Space
Environment Division – TEC-EES

Radio propagation effect in plasmas

- Critical frequency
 - Barrier to communications / radar imaging
 - typically MHz for ionosphere
- Refraction
 - Errors on GNSS
- Fade-out/Scintillation
 - Communication degradation
- Includes active plasma sources



Electromagnetics & Space
Environment Division – TEC-EES

Measurement contamination

- Sheath effects/wake effects
 - Plasma observed has been modified
 - Photoelectron contamination
 - Re-deposition of sputtered material
 - Natural and induced electric field variations
 - e.g. Debie – Debris/micrometeoroid impact detector
- Direct interference + charged particulates



Electromagnetics & Space
Environment Division – TEC-EES

Finally - other effects

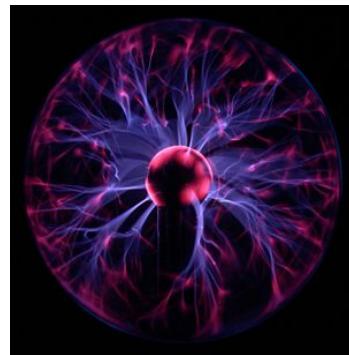
- Dust charging and sticking
- Electrostatic sticking (e.g. inflatables, solar sails, solar arrays)
- Docking, EVA discharges
- Material modification by ESD
-



Electromagnetics & Space
Environment Division – TEC-EES

Finally - other effects

- Dust charging and sticking
- Electrostatic sticking (e.g. inflatables, solar sails, solar arrays)
- Docking, EVA discharges
- Material modification by ESD
- Nice lamps



Electromagnetics & Space
Environment Division – TEC-EES

The end



Electromagnetics & Space
Environment Division – TEC-EES

Internal charging

- Examples
- Process
- Role of material properties (saviour electrons)
- ESD
- Instruments to observe
- observations



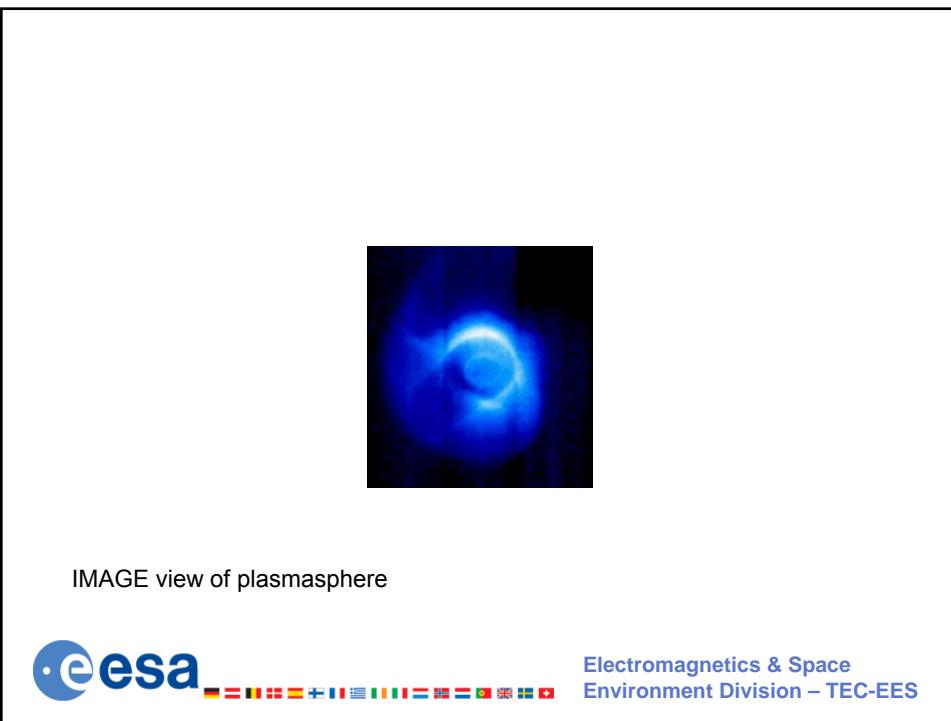
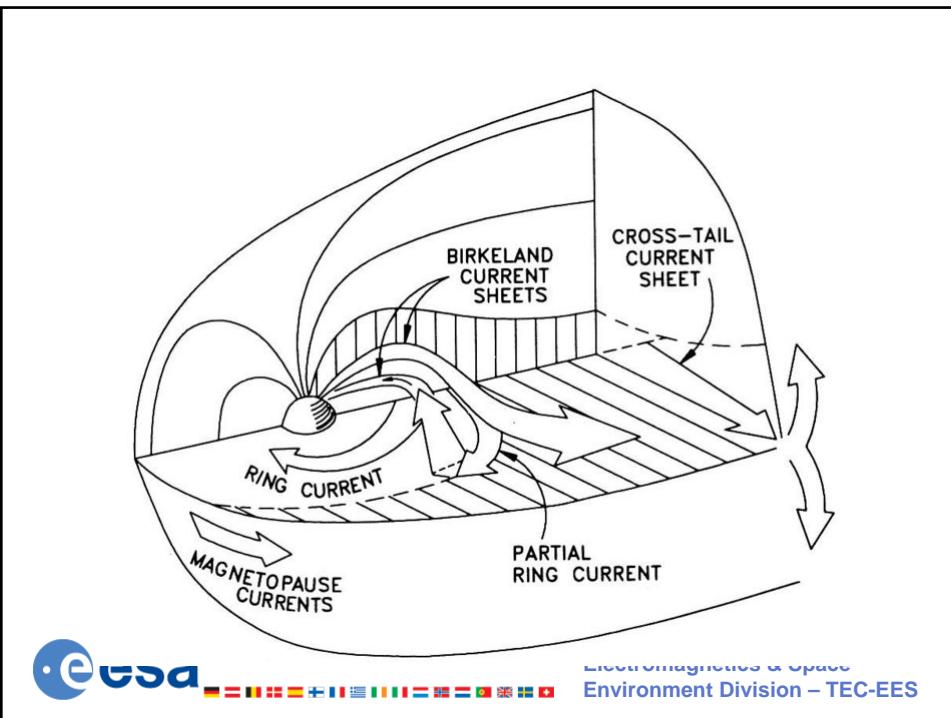
Electromagnetics & Space
Environment Division – TEC-EES

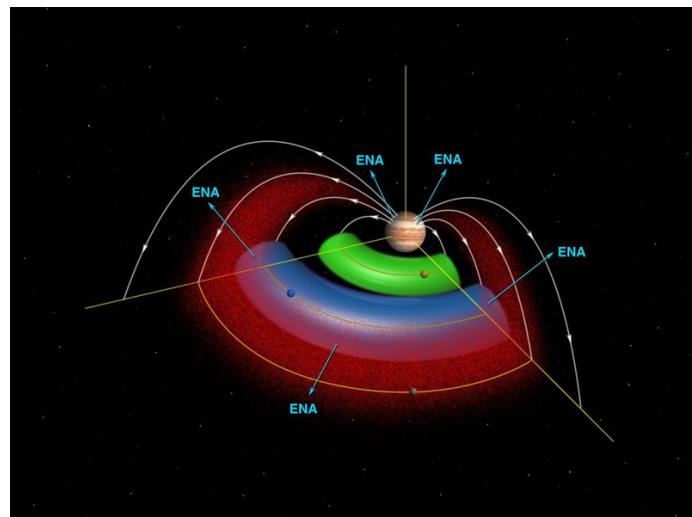
Surface charging

- Absolute
- Differential (+esd hazard, triggered esd)
- Secondary arcing on solar arrays
- Floating potentials in different environments
- Observations + plasma effects instruments



Electromagnetics & Space
Environment Division – TEC-EES



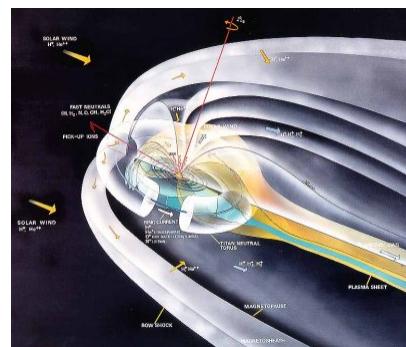


Jovian magnetosphere



Electromagnetics & Space
Environment Division – TEC-EES

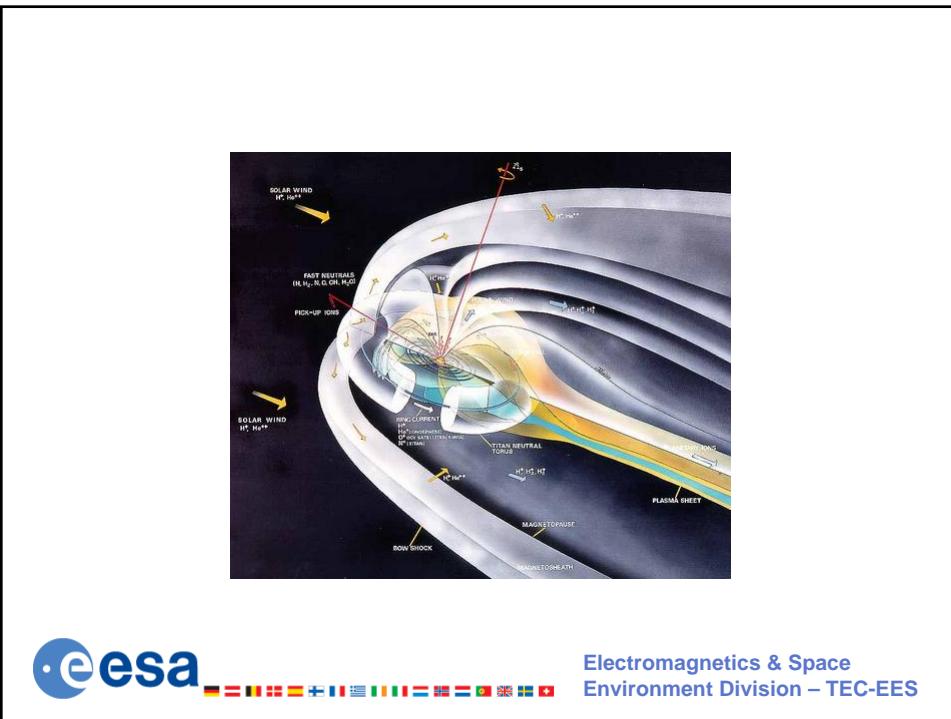
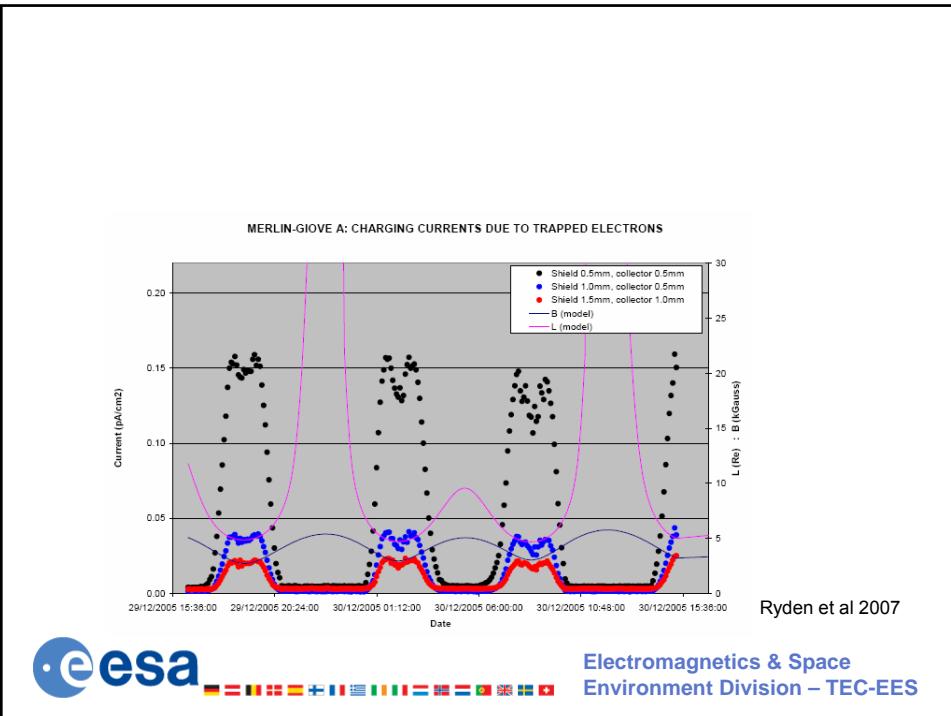
Saturn magnetosphere

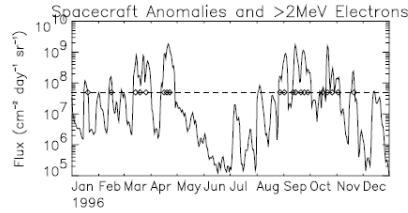


NASA/JPL

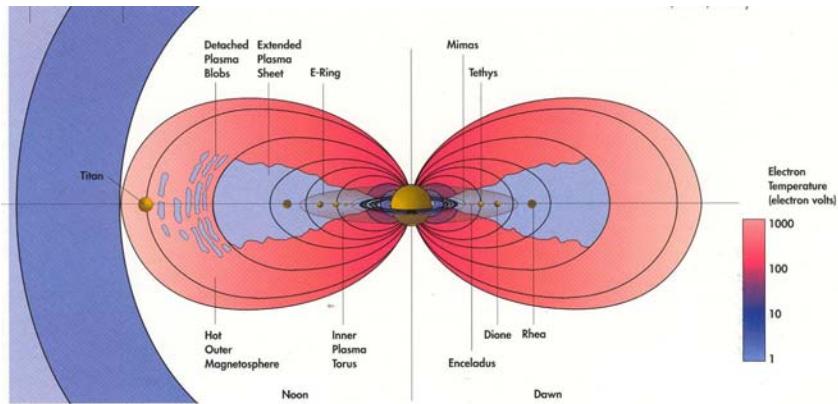


Electromagnetics & Space
Environment Division – TEC-EES

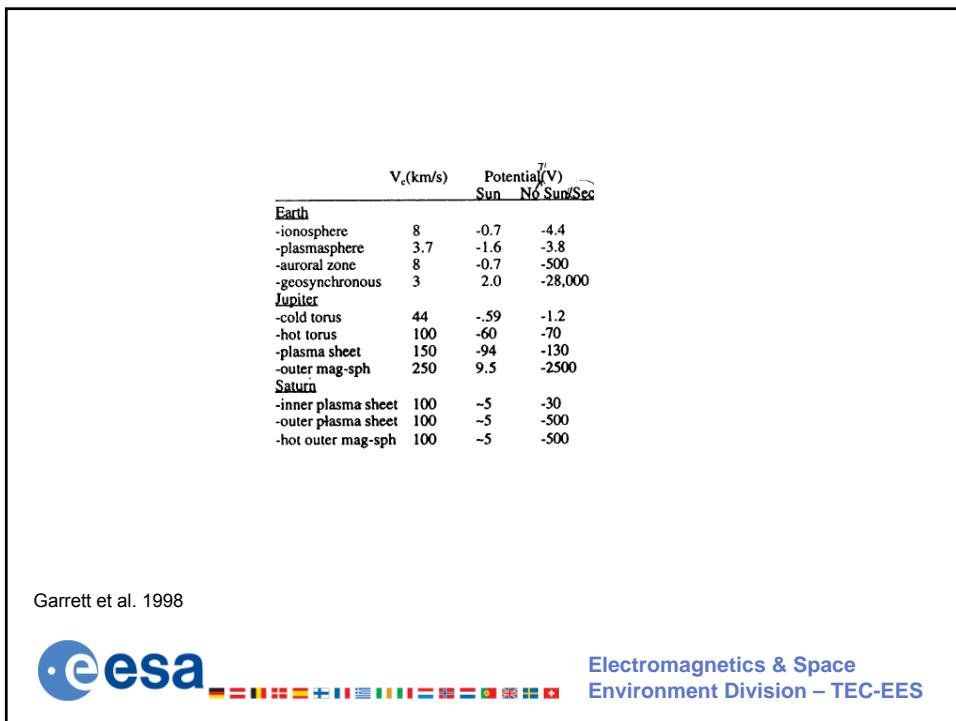




Electromagnetics & Space
Environment Division – TEC-EES



Electromagnetics & Space
Environment Division – TEC-EES



Effects contents

- Surface charging
- Internal charging
- Beam propagation effects
- Current collection
- Sputtering
- Instrument contamination
- Environment modification e.g. charge exchange



Electromagnetics & Space
Environment Division – TEC-EES